

328614(28)

B. E. (Sixth Semester) Examination, 2020

(Old Scheme)

(Et & T Branch)

DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

Time Allowed : Three hours

Maximum Marks : 80

Minimum Pass Marks : 28

Note : Part (a) of each unit are compulsory. Attempt any two parts from (b), (c) & (d).

Unit - I

1. (a) Draw the basic building blocks for representing digital system. 2
- (b) Determine the direct form I & II realisation for a

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third order IIR transfer function

$$H(Z) = \frac{0.28z^3 + 0.319z + 0.04}{0.5z^3 + 0.3z^2 + 0.17z - 0.2} \quad 7$$

- (c) Obtain the cascade realisation for system function given by

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2}\right)} \quad 7$$

- (d) Obtain direct form & cascade form realisation for transfer function of an FIR system given by :

$$H(z) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{3}{8}z^{-2}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{8}z^{-1} - \frac{1}{2}z^{-2}\right) \quad 7$$

Unit - II

2. (a) What are the types of analog filters? 2
- (b) For the analog transfer function.

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{(S+1)(S+2)}$$

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Determine $H(z)$ using impulse invariant technique.

Assume $T = 1$ second. 7

- (c) Apply bilinear transformation to

$$H(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+3)} \text{ with } T = 0.1 \text{ second.} \quad 7$$

- (d) Design a digital butterworth filter that satisfies the following constraint using bilinear transformation.

Assume $T = 1$ second.

$$0.9 \leq |H(e^{j\omega})| \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq \omega \leq \pi/2$$

$$|H(e^{j\omega})| \leq 0.2 \quad 3\pi/4 \leq \omega \leq \pi \quad 7$$

Unit - III

3. (a) Enlist any two disadvantages of digital filter as compared to analog filter. 2
- (b) Explain window technique to design an FIR filter. 7
- (c) A filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response.

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$$H_d(e^{jw}) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\frac{\pi}{4} \leq w \leq \frac{\pi}{4} \\ e^{-j2w} & \frac{\pi}{4} < |w| \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

Determine the filter coefficients $h_d(n)$ if the window function is defined as

$$w(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq n \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(d) The desired response of a low-pass-filter is

$$H_d(e^{jw}) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w} & -\frac{3\pi}{4} \leq w \leq \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{3\pi}{4} < |w| \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

Determine $H(e^{jw})$ for $M=7$ using a Hamming window.

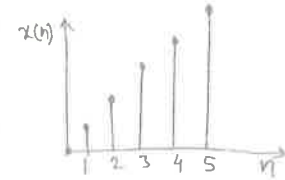
Unit - IV

4. (a) is for reducing sampling rate & is for increasing sampling rate. (Fill in the blanks). 2

[5]

- (b) Obtain the two-fold expanded signal $y(n)$ of the input signal $x(n)$. 7

$$x(n) = \begin{cases} n & n > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



- (c) The transfer function of an IIR filter is given by

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 0.7z^{-1}}{1 - 0.9z^{-1}}$$

Obtain the polyphase decomposition of $H(z)$ to decompose into 2 sections. 7

- (d) Explain various applications of multirate digital signal processing. 7

Unit - V

5. (a) Give any two application areas of digital signal processing in the field of image processing. 2
- (b) Explain the application of DSP in RADAR system. 7
- (c) Draw the model of vocal organs to represent the mechanism of human speech production. 7

- (d) Explain digital comb filter and draw its frequency response.

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$$H(z) = \frac{1 - z^{-N}}{1 - z^{-1}}$$